



নাগরিক সম্মেলন ২০১৭  
বাংলাদেশে  
এসডিজি বাস্তবায়ন  
কাউকে পেছনে রাখা যাবে না

৬ ডিসেম্বর ২০১৭



Citizen's Platform for SDGs, Bangladesh

এসডিজি বাস্তবায়নে নাগরিক প্ল্যাটফর্ম, বাংলাদেশ

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কৃষিবিদ ইন্সটিটিউশন বাংলাদেশ, ঢাকা

# UNDERSTANDING CLIMATE CHANGE FROM SDGS PERSPECTIVE

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# Three Strands of the Post-2015 Development Agenda



# Agenda 2030 and The Paris Agreement are Practically Twins

## Paris Agreement

Article 4, paragraph 1(c) of the UNFCCC requires

- *“the parties to cooperate to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the energy, transport, industry, agriculture, and forestry sectors”*

## Agenda 2030

These directly support:

- SDG 7 (Energy)
- SDG 11 (Cities)
- SDG 9 (Industrialisation)
- SDG 2 (Agriculture)
- SDG 15 (Life on Land)

□ Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) targets align with 154 of the 169 SDG targets

## Why Climate Change is Important for SDGs



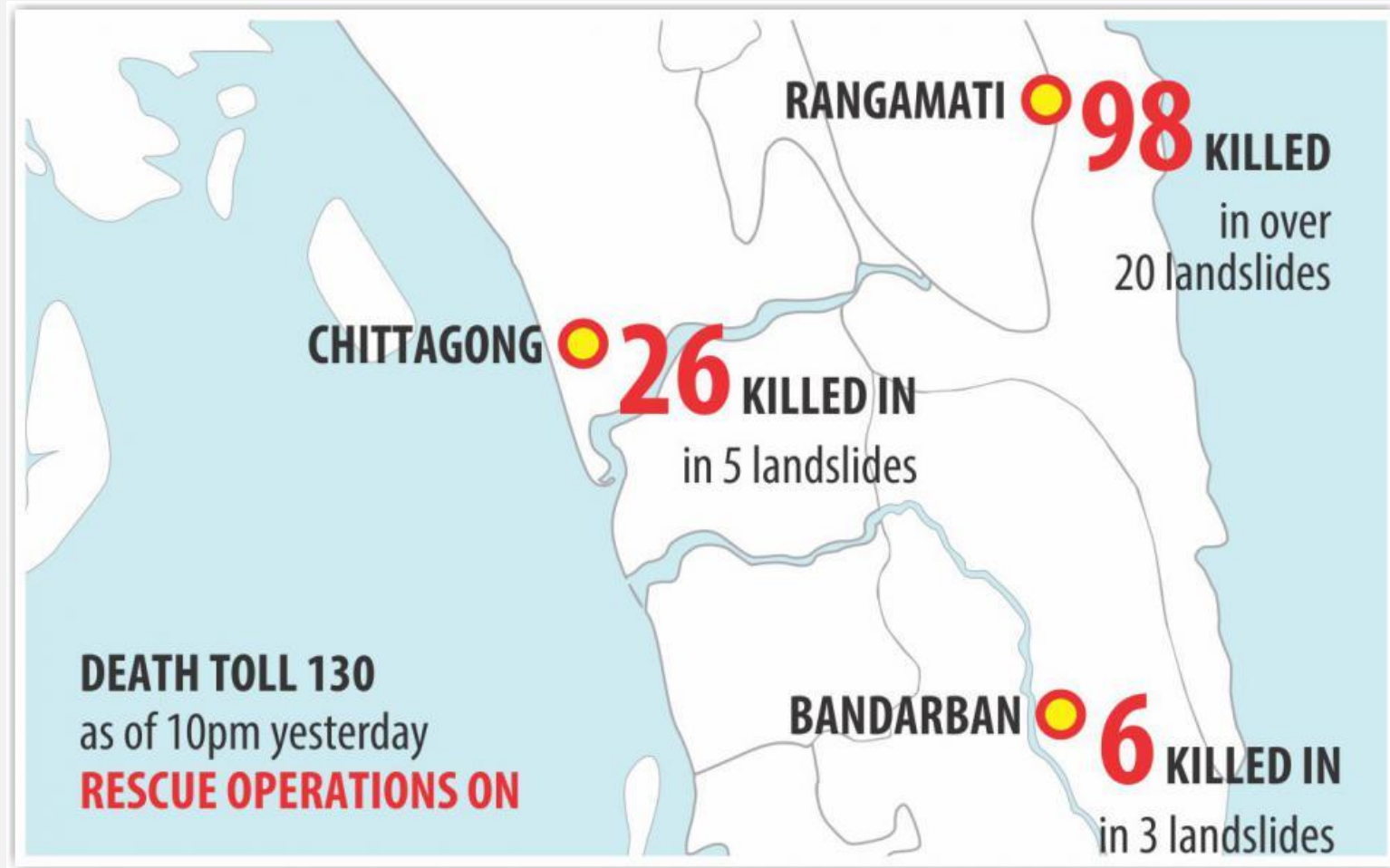
*“Climate change is the main accelerator of all other factors”- Antonio Guterres*

# Climate Change Threatens to Undermine Bangladesh's Development Gains



- ❑ Climate variability could reduce long-term rice production by 7.4% per year between 2005 to 2050 resulting in lower agriculture GDP
- ❑ Lower crop yield could result in at least 15% net increase in Poverty
- ❑ Climate change in absence of good governance may render our development gains fragile

## Double Peril for the Most Vulnerable



# Climate Action Can Help Achieve SDGs

Bangladesh First country to achieve award from the Clean Development Mechanism for its Solar Home Systems





# Unlocking Opportunities and Setting Precedents Through Climate Actions

- Climate Change Governance
- Climate Finance
- National Monitoring and Evaluation Framework
- South-South and South-North Collaboration and Learning
- Global Solidarity

THANK YOU